Atmosphere Observing System



AOS Polar Microwave Radiometer

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AOS Reviewed - Not Subject to Export Control

Pre-Decisional – AOS is in Phase A and NASA makes no commitments on the final design of the mission or instruments





Millimeter- and submillimeterwave radiances contain significant information related to ice-phase clouds and precipitation

Ice water path is the driving requirement

EARTH SYSTEM OBSERVATORY

Atmosphere Observing System

- Baseline: Uncertainty ≤100% for IWP
 > 80 g m⁻²
- $\circ\,$ Threshold: Uncertainty ≤100% for IWP > 100 g m⁻²
- Supports precipitation retrievals for radars
 - Additional information for synergistic retrievals
 - o Contextual precipitation mapping



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EARTH SYSTEM OBSERVATORY

Atmosphere Observing System

Radiometer Traceability



		Geophysical Variable Requirements		Measurements				Instrument (Pending RFP Award)	
Science Objectives ¹		Geophysical Variable	Conditions	Observables Requirements Per		Projected Performance	Parameter	Expected Specification	
- Mary	O2. High Clouds: Relate the vertical structure, horizontal extent, ice water path, and microphysical properties of		Range: >0.08 kg m ⁻²		Horizontal	≤20 km	≤ 20 km		89-113 GHz x 1+
Non-	convectively generated high clouds to convective vertical transport and large- scale high clouds to environmental factors. O3. Convective Processes: Relate vertical motion within convective storms to their a) cloud and precipitation structures, b) microphysical properties, c) local environment thermodynamic and kinematic factors such as temperature, humidity, and large-scale	Ice Water	[>0.1 kg m²] Uncertainty: 100% VP) Effective resolution: O4 ≤10 km [≤20 km] Swath: ≥750 km		Sampling	Nyquist, ≤ 10 km	≤ 10 km	Center Frequencies	183.31 GHz x 3+ offset 1-11 GHz ²
1411-019 No. 10 10		O2, O3, O4			Swath	≥ 750 km	750 km		325.15 GHz x 3+ offset 1-11 GHz ² 640-700 GHz x 2 ³
		Range:	Equivalent Blackbody Brightness	Scan type	Cross- track	Cross-track	ΝΕΔΤ	TBD	
- ADA	vertical motion, and d) ambient aerosol loading.		1.10 mm hr^{-1} (nadir) 1-15 mm hr $^{-1}$ (swath) [0.1-5 mm hr $^{-1}$]	remperatures		89/113 GHz: 1 K	89-113: < 1K		
	O4. Cold clouds and precipitation. Detect and quantify vertically integrated amounts of ice and liquid condensate	Precipitation Rate Profile (PR.z)	Uncertainty (sfc) : <100% @ 1 mm hr⁻1, <50% @ 10 mm hr⁻1		Bands and Radiometric	183 GHz: 1.0 K	183.31: < 1K	Calibration Stability	TBD
	(including precipitation) and relate these to vertical structure, cloud physical and radiative properties	02, 03, 04	Resolution : ≤2 km [≤2.5 km] horiz. ≤300 m (500 m) below		Uncertainty	25 GHZ: 2 K ⁴ Dual-	325.15: < 2K 640-700: < 2K		
A. M. S.	and snowfall), meteorological forcing and regime, orography, and surface properties.		Swath : >12 km			polarized 640+ GHz: 2 K ⁴	(TBC)	Antenna HPBW	≤ 1.3 TBC